

TROPICAL STORM VANESSA (03W)

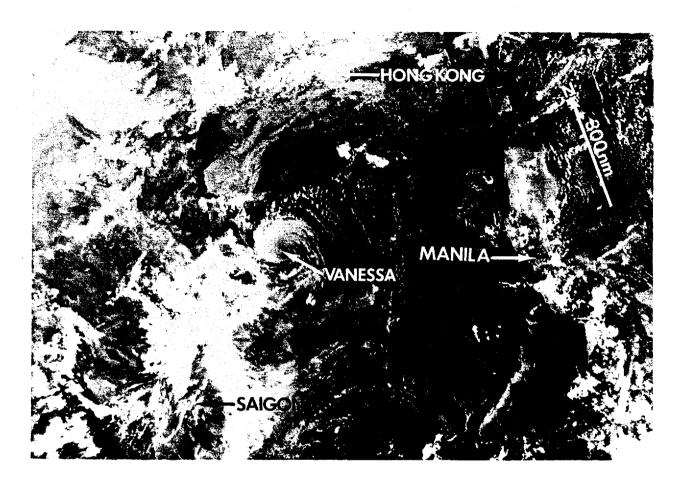


Figure 3-03-1 The exposed low-level center of Tropical Storm Vanessa approaches the coast of Vietnam (271905Z NOAA April enhanced infrared imagery).

After Typhoon Tim (02W) in mid-March, the near-equatorial trough remained relatively inactive until Vanessa's convection flared up to the south of Guam over a month later. This disturbance with its persistent convection was first mentioned in the Significant Tropical Weather Advisory on 21 April. A Tropical Cyclone Formation Alert was issued at 230500Z when animated satellite imagery revealed that individual thunderstorms had started rotating cyclonically about a singular point. At 231200Z, the alert was followed by the first warning on Tropical Depression 03W, based on a 30 kt (15 m/sec) ship report. Vanessa did not intensify as it tracked south of the subtropical ridge and across the central Philippines. Twenty-four hours after leaving the Philippine Islands, it reached tropical storm intensity at 260000Z, based on a satellite intensity estimate of 35 kt (18 m/sec). Vanessa peaked at 45 kt (23 m/sec) in the South China Sea at 261800Z. Less than a day later, vertical wind shear caused Tropical Storm Vanessa to weaken rapidly. Satellite imagery showed that Vanessa had completely lost its deep central convection. This prompted the JTWC to issue its final warning at 280600Z. Embedded in the prevailing low-level flow, the remnants of Tropical Storm Vanessa moved northward through the axis of the subtropical ridge, and dissipated southwest of Hong Kong.